



#### www.eti.co.uk

### Heat and Energy Systems

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# What do we use energy for...?





"On average, households use 80% of their energy for heat and hot water"

ETI SSH insight 'consumer challenges for low carbon heat' 2015

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## An emissions reduction plan

Power now, heat next, transport gradual – cost optimal





Priorities to 2030		energy technologies
-4-		
Decarbonising electricity Nuclear CCS (gas / biomass) Wind Interconnectors	Proving CCS in UK context Power Heat Industry Hydrogen	Testing 'next step' options Low carbon heat Smart Systems Bioenergy Small Modular Reactors Low carbon heavy transport
	+ efficiency + storage	



Today...

Cost optimal 2050...





## Which system to pick...?

Resource driven – potential waste heat supply from power plants



Areas in the UK where heat networks energised by 100MWe SMRs could potentially be deployed



#### SITE CAPACITY (GWE)

Almost 50% of potential UK SMR capacity could be within 10km of potential district heat networks

From ETI Powerplant Siting studies and Alternative Nuclear Technologies project 2016





### Which system to pick...?

4,880,000 tCO

Infrastructure driven – integration with UK housing types





3,580,000 tCO

1,840,000 homes 12,720,000 tCO

9,360,000 tCO

12,850,000 tCO<sub>2</sub>



## Which system to pick...?

Consumer value driven - we all value different benefits



People use heat to clean themselves and their homes







shower to wake up in the morning bathe to wind down at night

use hot water for cleaning

"People hold different views on how heat should be used, 37% are relatively disinterested in heating"

ETI SSH insight 'consumer challenges for low carbon heat' 2015



## Requires local area energy planning... Enabled by EnergyPath Networks toolset







Software platform and supporting design and integration capabilities to gather, process and use data to help service providers create and deliver better domestic energy services

Local energy transition planning capability, building consensus among stakeholders to make local infrastructure investment decisions with confidence System operations design capability, trading-off commercial, information and physical domains across gas, heat and power to enable effective multi-party systems integration



## Where next in low carbon heating...



#### Now...

Establish feasibility of low carbon heating solutions through small-scale trials and developments

- Technology
- Business delivery models
- Consumer acceptance

#### Next 10 years...

Test potential solutions in increasingly large-scale demonstrations and trials

Proving investability and consumer acceptance

#### By 2030 and on to 2050...

Roll-out low carbon heating solutions across the UK Equates to 1m homes per year to 2050

Low carbon heat demonstrators need to take account of local issues and opportunities meaning trials on many sites

Learning needs to be shared between trials, sites and regions







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